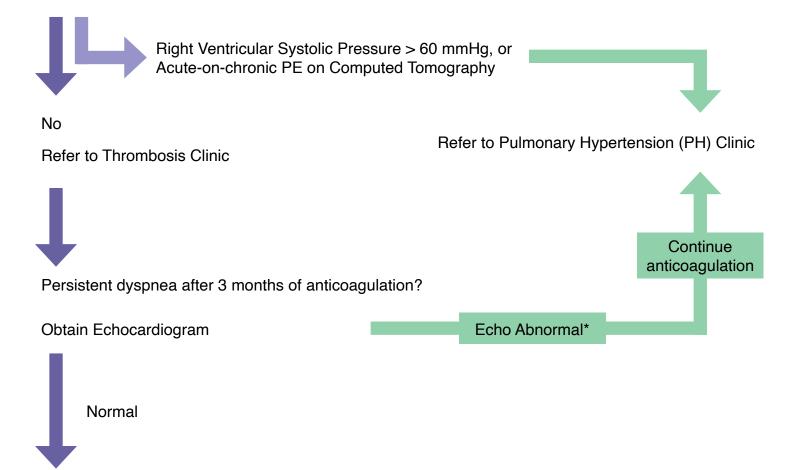


Detection of CTEPH after Pulmonary Embolism

At time of Pulmonary Embolism (PE), recognize Chronic Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (CTEPH) and arrange follow-up



Pulmonary Rehabilitation

Respirology Consultation to evaluate for other causes of dyspnea or if not improved at 6 months

^{*}Echo (TRvmax > 2.8m/s and/or RV abnormality)